

To Parents and Guardian

(鈴鹿市立大木中学校長) principal

Request for Submission of School Infectious Disease Notification Form

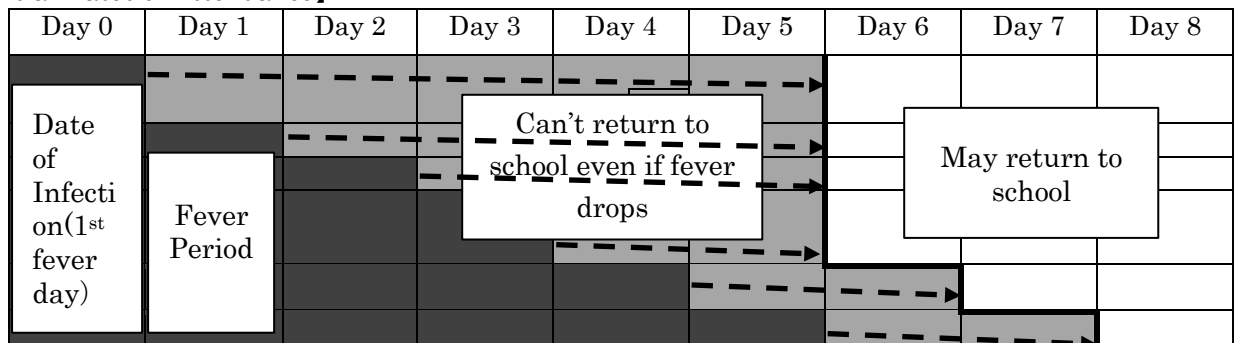
To maintain school health and safety, you should record any absences and attendance. Children who exhibit the following must be noted and see a physician for diagnosis. In order to decrease any anxiety surrounding infection when a student returns to school, a guardian/parents must record and submit necessary information in accordance with the following.

To prevent the spread of disease within the school, please understand these fundamental precautionary measures.

Infectious Diseases To Prevent From School	
Type 1	①Ebola ②Crimean - Congo hemorrhagic fever ③Smallpox ④South American hemorrhagic fever ⑤Plague ⑥Marburg virus ⑦Lassa fever ⑧Acute poliomyelitis ⑨Diphtheria ⑩Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (limited to beta coronavirus genus SARS coronavirus) ⑪Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (limited to beta coronavirus genus MERS coronavirus) ⑫Avian Influenza (limited to subtype H5N1 and H7N9)
Type 2	①Influenza (excluding bird flu) ②Whooping cough ③Measles ④Mumps ⑤Rubella ⑥Chicken pox ⑦Pharyngoconjunctival fever ⑧COVID - 19 ⑨Tuberculosis and meningococcal meningitis
Type 3	①Cholera ②Shigellosis ③E. Coli ④Typhoid ⑤Paratyphoid Fever ⑥Epidemic Keratoconjunctivitis ⑦Acute Hemorrhagic Conjunctivitis ⑧Other Infectious Diseases

Regulations for Enforcement of the School Health and Safety Act R5.5.8 enforcement

【Potential Dates of Attendance】



(The away period will be enforced based on school health protocols)

School Infectious Disease Notification Form

大木中学校長 School Director

(Year in school) _____ (class) _____ Name _____

(In the case of influenza)

【Disease】 _____ [A ・ B Type] ※ Please have it verified by a medical institution

【Medical Treatment Period】 Year _____ Month _____ Day _____ ~
Year _____ Month _____ Day _____

【Medical Institution】 _____

Year _____ Month _____ Day _____

Parent name _____

Types of diseases that require suspension of attendance

Regulations for Enforcement of the School Health and Safety Act R5.5.8 enforcement

	Disease	Criteria for the period of suspension of attendance
Type 1	Ebola Crimean - Congo hemorrhagic fever Smallpox South American hemorrhagic fever Plague Marburg virus Lassa fever Acute poliomyelitis Diphtheria Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) *1 Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) *2 Avian Influenza *3	Until recovery.
Type 2	Influenza (Excluding Bird Flu) Whooping Cough Measles Mumps Rubella Chicken pox Pharyngoconjunctival fever COVID-19 *4 Tuberculosis and Meningococcal Meningitis	Until 5 days have passed since onset symptoms and 2 days (3 days for infants) after the fever has disappeared. Until cough no longer persists or until the end of the 5 day treatment with the appropriate antibacterial agent. Until 3 days have passed after the fever no longer persists. Until 5 days after discovery of swelling of the glands or until complete recovery. Until the rash disappears. Until all the scabs become crusted. Until 2 days have passed since major symptoms no longer persist. After five days have elapsed since onset of symptoms and until one day has passed since symptoms have improved.
Type 3	Cholera Shigellosis Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli Typhoid Paratyphoid fever Epidemic Keratoconjunctivitis Acute hemorrhagic conjunctivitis Other infectious diseases *5	Until the school doctor or other doctor finds that there is no risk of infection due to the medical condition.

*1 For severe acute respiratory syndrome, the pathogen is limited to the Beta Corona Virus Genus SARS Virus

*2 For Middle Eastern Respiratory infection, the pathogens are limited to Beta Corona Virus Genus MERS Corona Virus

*3 In regards to Avian Influenza, the serum subtypes are H5N1 and H7N9

*4 Regarding COVID-19, the infectious agent is limited to the coronavirus belonging to the genus Beta Corona Virus (Which was newly reported in January 2020 to the World Health Organization by the People's Republic of China to have the ability to infect humans). The same applies in Article ㉜, item 2.

*5 In the event of a major outbreak not typically seen in schools, to prevent the spread of infection, the school principal may take emergency measures as a Class 3 infectious disease only when necessary, after consulting with the school physician. This provision is not intended to predetermine specific diseases.

Whether to issue attendance suspension instructions for "other infectious diseases" must be determined after considering the type of infectious disease, the occurrence and spread patterns within each region and school, etc. ~ (omitted) ~ This provides examples of some diseases that frequently spread in schools and does not mean attendance suspension must always be enforced." Public Interest Incorporated Foundation Japan Society of School Health.

"Explanation of Infectious Diseases to be Prevented in Schools" (March 2024), pp. 54-75.